

CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960

Section 3

Site Licence

To: Mr Harold Burnett
Lawnsdale Caravan Park
Lawnsdale House
Moss Side
Lytham
FY8 4NA

TAKE NOTICE THAT WHEREAS

1. On the 2nd July 1990 you made application for a site licence in respect of land situate at Mowbreck Caravan Park, Mowbreck Lane, Wesham indicated on the plan submitted with the application (which land is hereinafter called "the land").
2. You are entitled to the benefit of permission for the use of the land as a caravan site under the Town and Country Planning Acts, 1962 to 1968, otherwise than by a Development Order.

NOW THEREFORE the Council of the Borough of Fylde (hereinafter called "the Council") HEREBY GRANT a site licence in respect of the land pursuant to section 3 of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960, subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule hereto.

This Licence cancels all previous licences issued and the Licence issued on Twenty-second day of June 1990.

THE SCHEDULE

1. The total number of caravans stationed on the site at any one time shall be such as to enable compliance with the requirements of this schedule to be maintained and in any case shall not exceed eighteen.
2. Every caravan shall be made of aluminium or other materials with similar fire performance properties and shall be stationed not less than 5 metres from any other caravan in separate occupation, 3.5 metres at corners.
3. Every caravan shall be sited not less than 3 metres from any boundary of the site.
4. Roads of suitable material shall be provided so that no caravan standing is more than 50 metres from a road.
5. The roads shall not be less than 3.7 metres wide, or, if they form part of a clearly marked one way traffic system 3 metres wide.

6. All carriageways shall be kept free of parked vehicles and other obstructions so as to ensure, at all times, adequate access for emergency vehicles.
7. Where possible every caravan should stand on a hard standing of suitable materials which should extend over the whole area occupied by the caravan and should project one metre from the entrance of the caravan.
8. Fire points shall be established so that no caravan or site building is more than 30 metres from such a point. They should be housed in a weather-proof structure, easily accessible and clearly and conspicuously marked "FIRE POINT".

Where water standpipes are provided and there is a water supply of sufficient pressure and flow to project a jet of water approximately 5 metres from the nozzle, such water standpipes should be situated at each fire point. There should also be a reel that complies with British Standard 5306 Part 1, with a hose not less than 30 metres long, having means of connection to a water standpipe (preferably a screw thread connection) with a water supply of sufficient pressure and terminating in a small hand control nozzle. Hoses should be housed in a box painted red and marked "HOSE REEL".

Where standpipes are not provided but there is a water supply of sufficient pressure and flow, fire hydrants should be installed within 100 metres of every caravan standing. Hydrants should conform to British Standard 750. Access to hydrants and other water supplies should not be obstructed or obscured.

Where standpipes are not provided or the water pressure or flow is not sufficient, each fire point should be provided with either water extinguishers (2 x 9 litre) or a water tank of at least 500 litres capacity fitted with a hinged cover, 2 buckets and 1 hand pump or bucket pump.

9. A means of raising the alarm in the event of fire shall be provided at each fire point. This could be by means of a manually operated sounder, e.g. metal triangle with a striker, gong or hand operated siren. The advice of the fire authority should be sought on an appropriate system.
10. All alarms and fire fighting equipment shall be installed, tested and maintained in working order by a competent person and be available for inspection by, or on behalf of, the licencing authority. A log book shall be kept to record all tests and any remedial action.
11. All equipment susceptible to damage by frost shall be suitably protected.
12. A clearly written and conspicuous notice shall be provided and maintained at each fire point to indicate the action to be taken in case of fire and the location of the nearest telephone. This notice

shall include the following:-

"On discovering a fire

- i. Ensure the caravan or site building involved is evacuated
- ii. raise the alarm
- iii. call the fire brigade (the nearest telephone is sited.....)
- iv. attack the fire using the fire fighting equipment provided, if safe to do so.

It is in the interest of all occupiers of this site to be familiar with the above routine and the method of operating the fire alarm and fire fighting equipment".

13. Long grass and vegetation shall be cut at frequent and regular intervals where necessary to prevent it becoming a fire hazard to caravans, buildings or other installations on the site. Any such cuttings shall be removed from the vicinity of caravans. The space beneath and between caravans shall not be used for the storage of combustible materials.
14. An immediately accessible telephone shall be available on the site for calling the emergency services. A notice by the telephone should include the address of the site.
15. LPG storage supplied from tanks shall comply with Guidance Booklet HSG 34 "The Storage of LPG at Fixed Installations" or, where LPG is supplied from cylinders, with Guidance Note CS4 "The Keeping of LPG in Cylinders and Similar Containers" as appropriate.

Where there are metered supplies from a common LPG storage tank, then Guidance Note CS11 "The Storage and Use of LPG at Metered Estates" provides further guidance. In this case and where a British Gas mains supply is available, then the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1984 and the Pipe-lines Act 1962 may also be applicable.

Exposed gas bottles or cylinders shall not be within the separation boundary of an adjoining unit.

LPG installations shall conform to British Standard 5482, "Code of Practice for domestic butane and propane gas burning installations, Part 2: 1977 Installations in Caravans and non-permanent dwellings".

For mains gas supply, the 1984 Regulations will be relevant for the installation downstream of any service pipe(s) supplying any primary meter(s) and such service pipes are subject to the Gas Safety Regulations 1972.

In cases where the site owner supplies gas to caravans on the site, he may need an authorisation to do so from OFGAS under the Gas Act 1986.

16. Sites shall be provided with an electricity supply sufficient in all respects to meet all reasonable demands of the caravans situated on them.

Such electrical installations, other than Electricity Board works and circuits subject to regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 16 of the Energy Act 1983 and section 64 of the Electricity Act 1947, should be installed, tested and maintained in accordance with the provisions of the Institution of Electrical Engineers' (IEE) Regulations for Electrical Installations for the time being in force, and where appropriate, to be the standard which would be acceptable for the purposes of the Electricity (Overhead Lines) Regulations 1988, Statutory Instrument 1988 No.1057.

Work on electrical installations and appliances should be carried out only by competent persons such as the manufacturer's appointed agent, the electricity supplier, a professionally qualified electrical engineer, a member of the Electrical Contractors' Association, a contractor approved by the National Inspection Council for Electrical Installation Contracting, or a qualified person acting on behalf of one of the above. The installations should be inspected periodically: under IEE Wiring Regulations, every year or such longer period (not exceeding 3 years) as is considered appropriate in each case. When an installation is inspected, it should be judged against the current regulations.

The inspector should, within 1 month of such an inspection, issue an inspection certificate in the form prescribed in the IEE Wiring Regulations which should be retained by the site operator and displayed, supplemented or replaced by subsequent certificates, with the site licence. The cost of the inspection and report should be met by the site operator or licence holder.

If an inspection reveals that an installation no longer complies with the regulations extant at the time it was first installed, any deficiencies should be rectified. Any major alterations and extensions to an installation and all parts of the existing installation affected by then should comply with the latest version of the IEE Wiring Regulations.

If there are overhead electric lines on the site, suitable warning notices should be displayed at the entrance to the site and on supports for the line. Where appropriate, particular attention should be drawn to the danger of masts of yachts or dinghies contacting the line.

17. All sites shall be provided with a water supply in accordance with appropriate Water Byelaws and statutory quality standards.
18. Satisfactory provision shall be made for foul drainage, either by connection to a public sewer or sewage treatment works or by discharge to a properly constructed septic tank or cesspool approved by the local authority.
19. For caravans without their own water supply and water closets, communal toilet blocks shall be provided, with adequate supplies of

water, on at least the following scales:

Men: 1 WC and 1 urinal per 15 caravans

Women: 2 WCs per 15 caravans

1 wash basin for each WC or group of WCs

1 shower or bath (with hot and cold water) for each sex per 20 caravans

Toilet blocks shall be sited conveniently so that all site occupants may have reasonable access to one by means of a road or footpath.

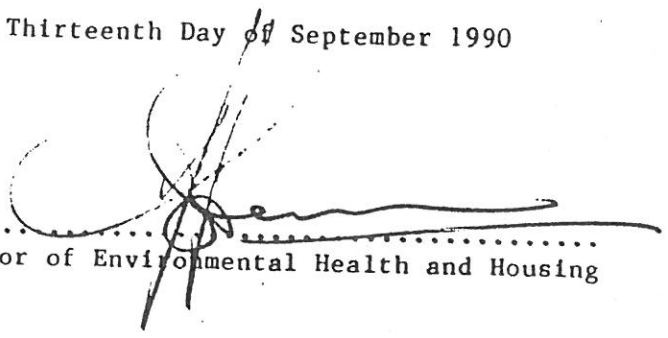
Laundry facilities shall be provided in a separate building adequate to meet the demands of the caravans stationed on the site.

20. Every caravan standing shall have an adequate number of suitable non-combustible refuse bins with close-fitting lids or plastic bags. Arrangements should be made for the bins to be emptied regularly. Where communal refuse bins are also provided these should be of similar construction and housed within a properly constructed bin store.
21. One car only may be parked between adjoining caravans provided that the door to the caravan is not obstructed. Suitably surfaced parking spaces should be provided where necessary to meet the additional requirements of the occupants and their visitors. Plastic or wooden boats should not be parked between units.
22. Where children stay on the site, space equivalent to about one-tenth of the total area should be allocated for children's games and/or other recreational purposes. This provision will normally be necessary because of the limited space available round the caravans, but may be omitted where there are suitable alternative publicly provided recreational facilities which are readily accessible.
23. Caravans shall not be stationed on the site for the purposes of human habitation except during the period from 1st March to 31st October in any year.
24. At all times when caravans are stationed on the site for the purposes of human habitation, all facilities and equipment required to be provided by these conditions shall be properly maintained.
25. A suitable sign shall be prominently displayed at the site entrance indicating the name of the site.
26. A copy of the site licence with its conditions should be displayed prominently on the site.
27. Notices and a plan should be displayed on the site setting out the action to be taken in the event of an emergency. They shall show where the police, fire brigade, ambulance and local doctors can be contacted, and the location of the nearest public telephone. The notices should also give the name and location/telephone number of the site licence holder or his/her accredited representative. At

sites subject to flood risk, warning notices should be displayed giving advice about the operation of the flood warning system.

28. All notices shall be suitably protected from the weather and displayed where possible out of the direct rays of the sun, preferably in areas lit by artificial lighting.

Dated Thirteenth Day of September 1990



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Director of Environmental Health and Housing

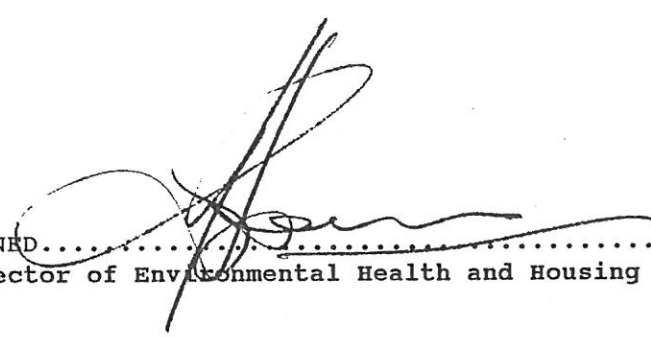
Appendix 1- Mowbreck Hall Park- Site Licence
CARAVAN SITES AND CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT ACT, 1960

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LICENCE TRANSFER ENDORSEMENT

In pursuance of Section 10 of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 the Council hereby consent to the transfer of this licence to Mrs JOAN BURNETT of MOWBRECK MANOR, MOWBRECK LANE, WESHAM, KIRKHAM, PR4 3HA with effect from the First day of March 1992.

DATED this Fifth day of March 1992.


SIGNED.....
Director of Environmental Health and Housing

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LICENCE AMENDMENT

Mowbreck Caravan Park, Mowbreck Lane, Wesham

Condition 23 is amended as per Planning Application No.5/93/0672 of 5th January 1994 as follows:

No caravan on the site shall be occupied during the period between the 14th December and 1st February in any year.

DATED this Third day of February 1994.

SIGNED.....
Director of Environmental Health and Housing