

INFORMATION NOTE

Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000: Authorisations

1. The Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 ("RIPA") regulates covert investigations by a number of bodies, including local authorities. It was introduced to ensure that individuals' rights are protected while also ensuring that law enforcement and security agencies have the powers they need to do their job effectively.
2. Fylde Council is therefore included within RIPA framework with regard to the authorisation of both directed surveillance and of the use of covert human intelligence sources.
3. Directed surveillance includes the covert surveillance of an individual in circumstances where private information about that individual may be obtained. A covert human intelligence source ("CHIS") is a person who, pretending to be someone that they are not, builds up a relationship of trust with another person for the purpose of obtaining information as part of an investigation.
4. Directed surveillance or use of a CHIS must be authorised by the chief executive or a director and confirmed by a Justice of the Peace. All authorisations are recorded centrally by the Head of Governance.
5. This is the required quarterly report on the use of RIPA. The information in the table below is about authorisations granted by the council during the quarter concerned.

Quarter	Directed surveillance	CHIS	Total	Purpose	
8 February 2016 – June 2016 ¹	0	0	0		

FURTHER INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM

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¹ Correct to the date the report was written. Officers will verbally update members if the figures have changed by the date of the meeting.